

## GENERATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF NONLINEAR SEMIGROUPS ASSOCIATED TO SEMILINEAR EVOLUTION EQUATIONS INVOLVING “GENERALIZED” DISSIPATIVE OPERATORS

Paul Georgescu<sup>1</sup> and Naoki Shioji<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Mathematics  
Technical University “Gh. Asachi” of Iasi  
Bd. Copou 11, 700506, Iasi, Romania

<sup>2</sup>Department of Mathematics  
Graduate School of Environment and Information Sciences  
Yokohama National University, Tokiwadai, Hodogaya-ku  
Yokohama 240-8501, Japan

**Abstract.** Given a linear operator  $A$  which satisfies a generalized dissipativity condition in terms of a “uniqueness function”  $w$  and its nonlinear continuous perturbation  $B$  in a real Banach space  $X$ , we discuss the construction of a nonlinear semigroup  $S$  providing mild solutions for the semilinear abstract Cauchy problem (SP)  $u' = (A + B)u(t), t > 0$  and  $u(0) = x$ . It is shown that a subtangential condition and a semilinear stability condition are altogether necessary and sufficient for the generation of the semigroup  $S$ . A concrete example to which these generation results are applicable is also provided.

**Keywords.** “generalized” dissipative operators, nonlinear semigroups, generation theorems, semilinear evolution equations, semilinear stability condition, discrete schemes.

**AMS (MOS) subject classification:** 47H20, 47H06, 37L05.

## 1 Introduction

Since the fundamental paper [1] of Crandall and Liggett has been published, generation theory for nonlinear semigroups on arbitrary Banach spaces has evolved into a well-established subject, being used to treat a broad class of mathematical models due to its considerable unifying effect. A significant improvement of their theory has been made by Kobayashi in [6], who replaced the range condition used in [1] with a much less restrictive assumption, called the tangency range condition. Further, in their later paper [7], Kobayashi and Tanaka also succeeded in weakening Crandall and Liggett’s classical dissipativity condition to a more general assumption of dissipativity with respect to a so-called uniqueness function, therefore opening the way for

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