

## OSCILLATION OF SOLUTIONS OF IMPULSIVE NEUTRAL DIFFERENCE EQUATIONS WITH CONTINUOUS VARIABLE

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**Abstract.** We obtain sufficient conditions for oscillation of all solutions of the neutral impulsive difference equation with continuous variable

$$\begin{cases} \Delta_{\tau}(y(t) + Py(t - m\tau)) + Q(t)y(t - l\tau) = 0, & t \geq t_0 - \tau, \quad t \neq t_k, \\ y(t_k + \tau) - y(t_k) = b_k y(t_k), & k \in N(1), \end{cases}$$

where  $\Delta_{\tau}$  denotes the forward difference operator, i.e.,  $\Delta_{\tau}z(t) = z(t + \tau) - z(t)$ ,  $P$  is a constant,  $Q(t) \in C([t_0 - \tau, \infty), (0, \infty))$ ,  $m, l$  are positive integers,  $\tau > 0$  and  $b_k$  are constants,  $0 \leq t_0 < t_1 < t_2 < \dots < t_k < \dots$  with  $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} t_k = \infty$ .

**Key words.** Neutral difference equation with continuous variable; Impulse; Oscillation.

**AMS (MOS) Subject Classification:** Primary 34K15, 34K10.

## 1 Introduction

Let  $R$  denote the set of all real numbers. For any  $a \in R$ , define  $N(a) = \{a, a + 1, a + 2, \dots\}$ . For any  $t, \tau \in R$ ,  $r \in N(1)$ , define  $N(t - r\tau, t - \tau) = \{t - r\tau, t - (r - 1)\tau, \dots, t - \tau\}$ .

Consider the Neutral impulsive difference equation with continuous variable

$$\begin{cases} \Delta_{\tau}(y(t) + Py(t - m\tau)) + Q(t)y(t - l\tau) = 0, & t \geq t_0 - \tau, \quad t \neq t_k, \\ y(t_k + \tau) - y(t_k) = b_k y(t_k), & k \in N(1), \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

where  $\Delta_{\tau}$  denotes the forward difference operator, i.e.,  $\Delta_{\tau}z(t) = z(t + \tau) - z(t)$ ,  $P$  is constant,  $Q(t) \in C([t_0 - \tau, \infty), (0, \infty))$ ,  $m, l$  are positive integers,  $\tau > 0$  and  $b_k$  are constants,  $0 \leq t_0 < t_1 < t_2 < \dots < t_k < \dots$  with  $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} t_k = \infty$ . Set  $l_0 = \max\{m, l\}$ . For any  $t_0 \geq 0$ , let  $\phi_{t_0} = \{\varphi : [t_0 - (l_0 + 1)\tau, t_0 - \tau] \rightarrow R\}$   $\varphi(t)$  is piecewise continuous on  $[t_0 - (l_0 + 1)\tau, t_0 - \tau]$ ,  $\varphi(t)$  is finite for every  $t \in [t_0 - (l_0 + 1)\tau, t_0 - \tau]$ , the right and left limit  $\varphi(t^+)$  and  $\varphi(t^-)$  of  $\varphi(t)$  exist for every  $t \in (t_0 - (l_0 + 1)\tau, t_0 - \tau)$ , and  $\varphi((t_0 - (l_0 + 1)\tau)^+)$  and  $\varphi((t_0 - \tau)^-)$  exist }.