

NONLINEAR MATHEMATICAL PROGRAMMING AND OPTIMAL CONTROL

S. Aizicovici¹, D. Motreanu², and N. H. Pavel¹

¹Department of Mathematics
Ohio University, Athens, OH 45701, USA

²Department of Mathematics
University of Perpignan, 66860 Perpignan, France

Abstract. The paper provides necessary conditions of optimality for a general minimization problem on a product space $Y \times X$ where the cost functional is a sum of a locally Lipschitz function and a convex, lower semicontinuous, proper function, while the constraints are of the form $Ay + Cu = B(y, u)$, with unbounded linear operators $A : D(A) \subset Y \rightarrow E$, $C : D(C) \subset X \rightarrow E$ and a Gâteaux differentiable mapping $B : Y \times X \rightarrow E$. One obtains a significant unification and extension of previous results. As applications one studies optimal control problems involving the wave operator and semilinear elliptic equations.

Keywords. Necessary conditions, Closed range operators, Tangency, Locally Lipschitz functions, Convex analysis.

AMS (MOS) subject classification: Primary 49K27, 49K30; Secondary 47A62, 47H15.

1 Introduction

In this paper we deal with the nonlinear mathematical programming problem:

$$(P) \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Minimize } \{\Phi(y, u) + \Psi(y, u)\} \\ \text{subject to } Ay + Cu = B(y, u). \end{array}$$

Here, for real Banach spaces X , Y and E , $\Phi : Y \times X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is a locally Lipschitz function, $\Psi : Y \times X \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \cup \{+\infty\}$ is a lower semicontinuous (l.s.c.), proper (i.e., $\Psi \not\equiv +\infty$) function with further properties specified later, $A : D(A) \subset Y \rightarrow E$ and $C : D(C) \subset X \rightarrow E$ are (possibly unbounded) linear operators and $B : Y \times X \rightarrow E$ is a (nonlinear) mapping.

The set of constraints is denoted by

$$M := \{(y, u) \in Y \times X : Ay + Cu = B(y, u)\}. \quad (1)$$

Throughout the paper we assume that $M \neq \emptyset$.

We are concerned with new necessary conditions of optimality for problem (P). These optimality conditions are achieved through various requirements. First, we obtain our necessary conditions in the case where the functional