

## ON KANTOROVICH INEQUALITY AND HÖLDER-MCCARTHY INEQUALITIES

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**Abstract.** We shall use the covariance-variance inequality as a tool to generalize Kantorovich inequality. We consider Hölder-McCarthy inequalities and related reverse inequalities. And finally the bound of a generalized Hölder-McCarthy inequality by recursion is given by way of the covariance-variance inequality. This is a continuous investigation in a different direction for Hölder-McCarthy inequalities from our previous article [5].

**Keywords.** Hölder-McCarthy inequality, Kantorovich inequality, covariance-variance inequality (c-v inequality), Löwner-Heinz inequality, bound of operator inequality.

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### 1. Notations and introduction

In what follows the capital letters mean bounded linear operators on a Hilbert space  $H$  and the identity operator is denoted by  $I$ . We write  $A \geq 0$  if  $A$  is positive, i.e.,  $(Ax, x) \geq 0$  for all  $x \in H$  and  $A > 0$  if  $A$  is positive and invertible. If  $S$  and  $T$  are selfadjoint, we write  $T \geq S$  in case  $T - S \geq 0$ .

The following well known inequalities are crucial. McCarthy [6] proved the next two inequalities, called Hölder-McCarthy inequalities in literature, by using the spectral resolution of a positive operator and the Hölder inequality. More precisely, if  $A \geq 0$ , then, for any unit vector  $x \in H$  and a real number  $r$ ,

$$\text{(A)} \quad (A^r x, x) \leq (Ax, x)^r \quad \text{for } r \in [0, 1],$$

$$\text{(B)} \quad (Ax, x)^r \leq (A^r x, x) \quad \text{for } r \geq 1.$$

Let us add one more inequality which appeared in [2, Theorem 1.5].

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