

## COMPLETE BLOW-UP OF SOLUTIONS FOR DEGENERATE SEMILINEAR PARABOLIC EQUATIONS

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**Abstract.** Let  $q$  be a nonnegative real number,  $f$  be a nonnegative smooth function, and  $t_b$  be a positive constant. This article studies the complete blow-up of weak solutions of the following degenerate semilinear parabolic problem,

$$\begin{aligned}x^q u_t - u_{xx} &= f(u), \quad 0 < x < 1, \quad 0 < t < t_b, \\u(x, 0) &= u_0(x), \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1, \\u(0, t) &= 0, \quad u(1, t) = 0, \quad 0 < t < t_b,\end{aligned}$$

where  $u_0(x) \in C^{2+\alpha}([0, 1])$  for some constant  $\alpha \in (0, 1)$  is a nontrivial and nonnegative function such that  $u_0'' + f(u_0) \geq 0$  in  $(0, 1)$ , and  $u_0(0) = u_0(1) = 0$ . Two criteria for weak solutions to blow up completely in the interval  $(0, 1)$  at  $t_b$  are given.

**Keywords.** Green's function, nonnegative measurable function, integral solution, blow-up time, complete blow-up.

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## 1 Introduction

Let  $q$  be a nonnegative real number,  $f$  be a nonnegative smooth function,  $t_b$  be a positive constant,  $D = (0, 1)$  and  $\bar{D} = [0, 1]$ . We consider the following degenerate semilinear parabolic first initial-boundary value problem,

$$x^q u_t - u_{xx} = f(u) \quad \text{in } D \times (0, t_b) \quad (1)$$

$$u(x, 0) = u_0(x) \geq 0 \quad \text{on } \bar{D}, \quad u(0, t) = 0 = u(1, t) \quad \text{for } 0 < t < t_b, \quad (2)$$

where  $u_0(x) \in C^{2+\alpha}(\bar{D})$  for some constant  $\alpha \in (0, 1)$  is a nontrivial and nonnegative function such that  $u_0''(x) + f(u_0) \geq 0$  in  $D$ , and  $u_0(0) = 0 = u_0(1)$ . Since  $x^q$  tends to zero as  $x$  approaches 0, (1) is said to be degenerate.