

## ASYMPTOTIC PERIODIC SOLUTIONS FOR A TWO-DIMENSIONAL LINEAR DELAY DIFFERENCE SYSTEM

Yutaka Nagabuchi

Department of Systems and Control Engineering  
Anan National College of Technology  
Anan 774-0017, Japan

**Abstract.** In this paper we investigate asymptotic periodic behaviors of solutions to a linear delay difference system of dimension two

$$x_{n+1} - x_n + Ax_{n-k} = 0, \quad n = 0, 1, \dots, \quad (\text{L})$$

where  $k$  is a nonnegative integer and  $A$  is a  $2 \times 2$  constant real matrix. We show that, when  $A = p \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$  with  $p = 2 \cos\{(k\pi + |\theta|)/(2k + 1)\}$ , the critical value for the asymptotic stability, every solution of (L) is asymptotically periodic provided that  $\theta/\pi$  is a rational number. And we also give explicit representations of such periodic solutions. Moreover, in the case  $A$  is given in other Jordan forms, asymptotic periodic behaviors of solutions are discussed.

**AMS (MOS) subject classification:** 39A10, 39A11

### 1. Introduction

Consider the linear delay difference system of dimension two

$$x_{n+1} - x_n + Ax_{n-k} = 0, \quad n \in \mathbb{Z}_+ = \{0, 1, \dots\}, \quad (1)$$

where  $A$  denotes a  $2 \times 2$  constant real matrix and  $k$  is a nonnegative integer.

Recently, Matsunaga and Hara [5] have obtained necessary and sufficient conditions for the asymptotic stability of (1) which improve the well known result, due to Levin and May [4] (see also [1; p.182], [2; p.12], [3], [6]), for the scalar difference equation

$$u_{n+1} - u_n + pu_{n-k} = 0, \quad n \in \mathbb{Z}_+. \quad (2)$$

Under the assumption that the matrix  $A$  is either of the Jordan forms

$$(i) \quad p \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}, \quad (ii) \quad \begin{pmatrix} p_1 & q \\ 0 & p_2 \end{pmatrix},$$

they showed the following theorems, where  $p, \theta, p_1, p_2$  and  $q$  are all real constants and  $\theta$  satisfies the condition  $0 < |\theta| \leq \pi/2$ .

---

E-mail: nagabuci@anan-nct.ac.jp.