

## POSITIVE SOLUTIONS OF SINGULAR STURM-LIOUVILLE BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS

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**Abstract.** This paper studies the Sturm-Liouville boundary value problem

$$\begin{cases} (p(t)u'(t))' + \lambda a(t)f(t, u(t)) = 0, & 0 < t < 1, \\ \alpha u(0) - \beta p(0)u'(0) = 0, \\ \gamma u(1) + \delta p(1)u'(1) = 0, \end{cases}$$

where  $\lambda > 0$  and  $a$  is allowed to be singular at both end points  $t = 0$  and  $t = 1$ . We shall show the existence of this problem for  $\lambda$  on a suitable interval.

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### 1 Introduction

Consider the Sturm-Liouville boundary value problem

$$\begin{cases} (p(t)u'(t))' + \lambda a(t)f(t, u(t)) = 0, & 0 < t < 1, \\ \alpha u(0) - \beta p(0)u'(0) = 0, \\ \gamma u(1) + \delta p(1)u'(1) = 0, \end{cases} \quad (1)_\lambda$$

where

- (H<sub>1</sub>)  $p(t) \in C([0, 1], [0, +\infty))$  and  $0 < \int_0^1 \frac{dt}{p(t)} < +\infty$ ;
- (H<sub>2</sub>)  $\lambda > 0$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  and  $\delta$  are nonnegative, and  $\beta\gamma + \alpha\gamma + \alpha\delta > 0$ ;
- (H<sub>3</sub>)  $f(t, u) \in C([0, 1] \times [0, +\infty), R^+)$  and  $a \in C((0, 1), [0, +\infty))$ ;
- (H<sub>4</sub>)  $0 < \int_0^1 G(s, s)a(s)ds < +\infty$ ,

where

$$G(s, s) = \frac{1}{\rho} (\beta + \alpha \int_0^s \frac{dr}{p(r)}) (\delta + \gamma \int_s^1 \frac{dr}{p(r)}), \quad 0 \leq s \leq 1,$$

and

$$\rho = \alpha\delta + \alpha\gamma \int_0^1 \frac{dr}{p(r)} + \beta\gamma.$$

For any  $t \in [0, 1]$ , let

$$f_0(t) = \lim_{u \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(t, u)}{u} \quad \text{and} \quad f_\infty(t) = \lim_{u \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{f(t, u)}{u}.$$